

# NAG Library Function Document

## nag\_imlmodwt (c09ddc)

### 1 Purpose

nag\_imlmodwt (c09ddc) computes the inverse one-dimensional multi-level maximal overlap discrete wavelet transform (MODWT). This function reconstructs data from (possibly filtered or otherwise manipulated) wavelet transform coefficients calculated by nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc) from an original set of data. The initialization function nag\_wfilt (c09aac) must be called first to set up the MODWT options.

### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagc09.h>

void nag_imlmodwt (Integer nwlinv, Nag_WaveletCoefficients keepa,
                  Integer lenc, const double c[], Integer n, double y[],
                  const Integer icomm[], NagError *fail)
```

### 3 Description

nag\_imlmodwt (c09ddc) performs the inverse operation of nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc). That is, given a set of wavelet coefficients computed by nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc) using a MODWT as set up by the initialization function nag\_wfilt (c09aac) on a real array of length  $n$ , nag\_imlmodwt (c09ddc) will reconstruct the data array  $y_i$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ , from which the coefficients were derived.

### 4 References

Percival D B and Walden A T (2000) *Wavelet Methods for Time Series Analysis* Cambridge University Press

### 5 Arguments

- 1: **nwlinv** – Integer *Input*
- On entry:* the number of levels to be used in the inverse multi-level transform. The number of levels must be less than or equal to  $n_{\text{fwd}}$ , which has the value of argument **nwl** as used in the computation of the wavelet coefficients using nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc). The data will be reconstructed to level (**nwl** – **nwlinv**), where level 0 is the original input dataset provided to nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc).
- Constraint:*  $1 \leq \mathbf{nwlinv} \leq n_{\text{fwd}}$ , where  $n_{\text{fwd}}$  is the value used in a preceding call to nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc).
- 2: **keepa** – Nag\_WaveletCoefficients *Input*
- On entry:* determines whether the approximation coefficients are stored in array **c** for every level of the computed transform or else only for the final level. In both cases, the detail coefficients are stored in **c** for every level computed.
- keepa** = Nag\_StoreAll  
Retain approximation coefficients for all levels computed.
- keepa** = Nag\_StoreFinal  
Retain approximation coefficients for only the final level computed.
- Constraint:* **keepa** = Nag\_StoreAll or Nag\_StoreFinal.

- 3: **lenc** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the dimension of the array **c**.  
*Constraints:*  
 if **keepa** = Nag\_StoreFinal, **lenc**  $\geq (n_l + 1) \times n_a$ ;  
 if **keepa** = Nag\_StoreAll, **lenc**  $\geq 2 \times n_l \times n_a$ , where  $n_a$  is the number of approximation or detail coefficients at each level and is unchanged from the preceding call to nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc).
- 4: **c[lenc]** – const double *Input*  
*On entry:* the coefficients of a multi-level wavelet transform of the dataset.  
 The coefficients are stored in **c** as follows:  
 If **keepa** = Nag\_StoreFinal,  
**C**(1 :  $n_a$ )  
 Contains the level  $n_l$  approximation coefficients;  
**C**( $n_a + (i - 1) \times n_d + 1 : n_a + i \times n_d$ )  
 Contains the level  $(n_l - i + 1)$  detail coefficients, for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n_l$ ;  
 If **keepa** = Nag\_StoreAll,  
**C**(( $i - 1$ )  $\times n_a + 1 : i \times n_a$ )  
 Contains the level  $(n_l - i + 1)$  approximation coefficients, for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n_l$ ;  
**C**( $n_l \times n_a + (i - 1) \times n_d + 1 : n_l \times n_a + i \times n_d$ )  
 Contains the level  $i$  detail coefficients, for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n_l$ .  
 The values  $n_a$  and  $n_d$  denote the numbers of approximation and detail coefficients respectively, which are equal. This number is returned as output in **na** from a preceding call to nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc). See nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc) for details.
- 5: **n** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the length of the data array,  $y$ , to be reconstructed.  
*Constraint:* This must be the same as the value **n** passed to the initialization function nag\_wfilt (c09aac).
- 6: **y[n]** – double *Output*  
*On exit:* the dataset reconstructed from the multi-level wavelet transform coefficients and the transformation options supplied to the initialization function nag\_wfilt (c09aac).
- 7: **icomm[100]** – const Integer *Communication Array*  
*On entry:* contains details of the discrete wavelet transform and the problem dimension for the forward transform previously computed by nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc).
- 8: **fail** – NagError \* *Input/Output*  
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_ALLOC\_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 2.3.1.2 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**NE\_ARRAY\_DIM\_LEN**

On entry, **lenc** is set too small: **lenc** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **lenc**  $\geq$   $\langle value \rangle$ .

**NE\_BAD\_PARAM**

On entry, argument  $\langle value \rangle$  had an illegal value.

**NE\_INITIALIZATION**

On entry, **n** is inconsistent with the value passed to the initialization function: **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **n** should be  $\langle value \rangle$ .

On entry, the initialization function nag\_wfilt (c09aac) has not been called first or it has not been called with **wtrans** = Nag\_MODWTMulti, or the communication array **icomm** has become corrupted.

**NE\_INT**

On entry, **nwlinv** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .  
 Constraint: **nwlinv**  $\geq$  1.

**NE\_INT\_2**

On entry, **nwlinv** is larger than the number of levels computed by the preceding call to nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc): **nwlinv** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , expected  $\langle value \rangle$ .

**NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR**

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.  
 See Section 2.7.6 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**NE\_NO\_LICENCE**

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.  
 See Section 2.7.5 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

**7 Accuracy**

The accuracy of the wavelet transform depends only on the floating-point operations used in the convolution and downsampling and should thus be close to *machine precision*.

**8 Parallelism and Performance**

nag\_umlmodwt (c09ddc) is not threaded in any implementation.

**9 Further Comments**

None.

**10 Example**

See Section 10 in nag\_mlmodwt (c09dcc).

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